

## Hallcroft Infant & Nursery School Science Lesson Sequence



# Summer 1 - Year 1 Plants

#### What we already know, remember and can do:

- Name the four seasons in order and describe the typical weather in each.
- Name some activities and events in the four seasons.
- Describe the appearance of a tree's leaves in each season.

	Learning Objective	What children will know and remember (Substantive)	What children will be able to do (Disciplinary)	Revisited Vocabulary	New Vocabulary
1	Learning Objective Knowledge – To identify plants in the school grounds Working scientifically - To plan an investigation	✓I can identify plants and their features.	<ul><li>✓ I can ask questions about plants.</li><li>✓ I can help decide how to set up an investigation.</li></ul>	flower petal leaf	data feature growth investigation root stem
2	Learning Objective Knowledge – To identify parts of a flowering plant Working scientifically - To draw and label a diagram	✓ I can recall the parts of a flowering plant.	<ul> <li>✓ I can use a magnifying glass to observe closely.</li> <li>✓ I can draw and label a diagram of a flowering plant.</li> </ul>	feature flower growth leaf petal root stem	diagram observe plant roots shoot stem

3	Learning Objective  Knowledge – To identify and name wild and garden plants.  Working scientifically – To sort flowers into groups.	✓I can identify and name some wild and garden plants.	<ul> <li>✓ I can use pictures to help me to identify and name some wild and garden plants.</li> <li>✓ I can choose a way to sort flowers into groups</li> <li>✓ I can use a magnifying glass to observe closely</li> </ul>	diagram observe plant roots shoot stem	feature flower garden plants grouping identification leaf observe plant roots stem wild plants
4	Learning Objective Knowledge – To identify and name deciduous and evergreen trees. Working scientifically – To measure and compare leaves.	✓ I can name some trees and their parts.	<ul> <li>✓ I can observe leaves and identify similarities and differences.</li> <li>✓ I can measure leaves using cubes.</li> </ul>	Grouping Identification Observe	blossom branch deciduous evergreen feature leaf measure observe plant trunk
5	Learning Objective Knowledge – To recognise that new plants come from seeds and bulbs. Working scientifically – To recognise that observations do not always match predictions.	✓ I can recall that plants grow seeds or bulbs.	✓ I can recognise when my observations do not match my predictions ✓ I can use similarities and differences to group seeds and bulbs	growth leaf observe seed	bulb plant prediction

6 Bu	Learning Objective Knowledge – To recognise the importance of a scientist's role. Science in Action – To use observations to find answers to questions.	✓ I can name important discoveries made by scientists.	<ul> <li>✓ I can closely observe different plant parts.</li> <li>✓ I can identify plant parts that are eaten.</li> </ul>	feature flower fruit leaf observe plant	edible research
Outco				roots seed stem	

Plant parts
flower
leaf
stem
37
roots

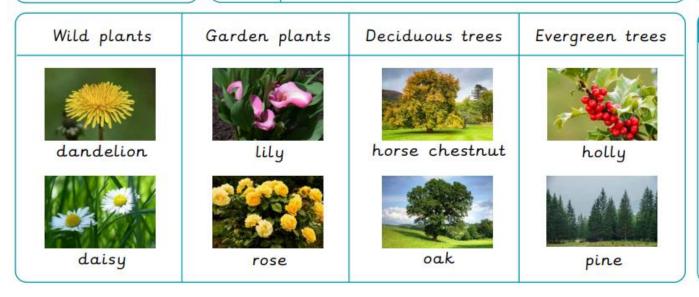
plant	A living thing that stays in one place and makes its own food from sunlight.		
roots	The part of a plant that grows underground.		
stem	The part of a plant that grows above ground and keeps the plant upright.		
leaf	The green parts of a plant that grow from stems or branches.		
flower	The colourful part of a plant where seeds are made.		

#### Deciduous trees



#### Leaves:

- · Change colour.
- Fall in winter.
- Are wide and flat.



### Evergreen trees



#### Leaves:

- Always green.
- Tough and waxy.
- Are narrow and needle-like.