

Hallcroft Infant & Nursery School Science Lesson Sequence



Spring 1 - Year 2

Animals

What we already know, remember and can do:

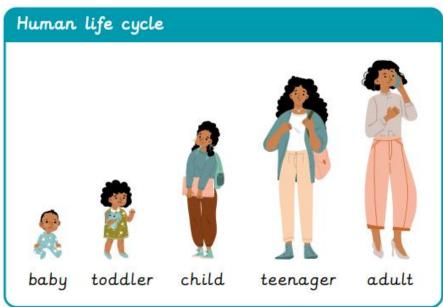
- Name and describe the physical features of a range of animals.
- Sort animals into groups based on their similarities and differences.
- Identify characteristics specific to mammals, birds, reptiles, amphibians and fish.
- Recall the diets of carnivores, herbivores and omnivores.

Working Scientifically

- Sort objects based on the materials they are made from.
- Group objects based on their properties.
- Suggest ways to test materials for their properties.
- Make predictions and recognise whether they were accurate.
- Use their observations to answer questions.
- Begin to recognise if a test is fair.

| | Learning Objective | What will be known and remembered (Substantive) | What will be (Disciplinary) | Revisited Vocabulary | New Vocabulary |
|---|---|--|---|--|---|
| 1 | Learning Objective To identify different stages of the human life cycle | ✓I can identify animal offspring ✓I can describe how humans change | ✓I can order the human life cycle | Adult Baby Child | Growth Offspring Stage Teenager Toddler |
| 2 | Learning Objective To know which offspring come from which parent animal | ✓I can identify stages of animal life cycles | ✓ I can match the stages of animal life cycles with the correct animal ✓ I can order the stages of an animal's life cycle | Butterfly Caterpillar Egg Frog Lamb Life Cycle Sheep | Froglet Live Young Pupa Spawn Tadpole |
| 3 | Learning Objective Knowledge — To observe and measure growth in humans Working scientifically — To use simple measuring equipment | Knowledge ✓I can explain how humans change | Knowledge ✓ I can apply my understanding of the human life cycle Working scientifically ✓ I can read a scale in centimetres ✓ I can find the start of a scale ✓ I can read my measurements | | Growth Height Measure |
| 4 | Learning Objective Knowledge — To identify and list the basic needs for survival for humans and animals Working scientifically — To use secondary sources to research | Knowledge ✓ I can explain the three things animals need to survive. ✓ I can explain how a particular species survives. | Working scientifically ✓I can find the information I need from a source. ✓I can present research as a poster. | Air Food Water | Basic Needs Essential Survive |

| 5 | Learning Objective Knowledge — To recognise the importance of exercise and personal hygiene Working scientifically — To make observations over time | Knowledge ✓ I can describe how germs spread. ✓ I can explain why washing hands or changing clothes is important. | Working scientifically ✓I can use a results table. ✓I can record results each day. | | Exercise Fitness Germs Health Hygiene |
|-----------|---|--|--|---------------------|---|
| Outcome 9 | Learning Objective Knowledge — To identify how to have a balanced diet Science in Action — To interpret collected results | Knowledge ✓ I can name foods in each group. ✓ I can create a balanced shopping bag. | Working scientifically ✓ I can recognise a pattern in data. ✓ I can decide whether my data answers the question. | Fruit Vegetables | Carbohydrates Dairy Oils Proteins Spreads |







| health | How the body feels. |
|------------|---|
| hygiene | Keeping things clean. |
| life cycle | The stages an animal goes through to become an adult. |
| offspring | Young animals or plants produced by parents. |
| survive | To continue to live. |